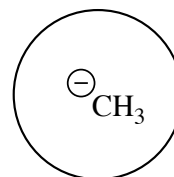
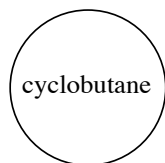


Practice Exam 1 – This is a 60 minute exam

Question 1. Circle the strongest base from the list below



Question 2. Circle the compound with the most angle strain from the list below

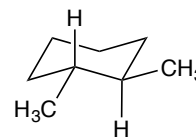
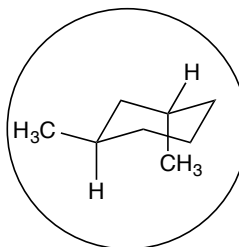
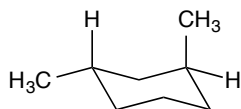
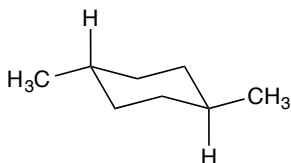
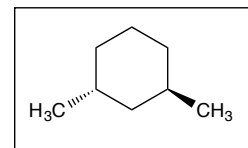


cyclopentane

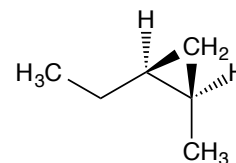
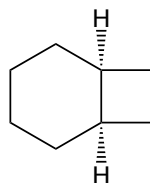
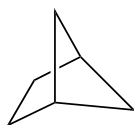
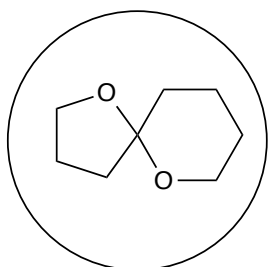
cyclohexane

cycloheptane

Question 3. Which of the following chair drawings is an accurate depiction of the compound shown in the box (circle your answer)?



Question 4. Circle the spiro bicyclic compound shown below.



Question 5. Label each of the following pairs of molecules as **identical**, **structural isomers**, **conformational isomers**, **enantiomers** or **diastereomers** (*Note: if the 2 compounds can be interconverted via bond rotation, then you should pick “conformational isomer”*).

a) 2-chloropentane 3-chloropentane

Answer:

structural isomers

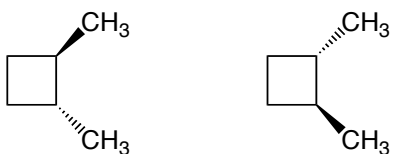
b)



Answer:

identical

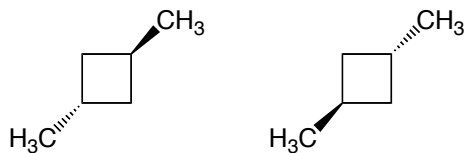
c)



Answer:

enantiomers

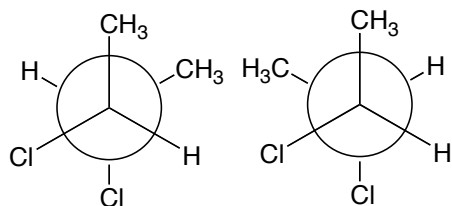
d)



Answer:

identical

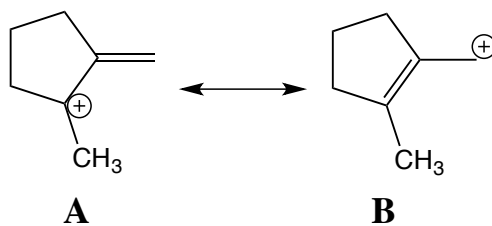
e)



Answer:

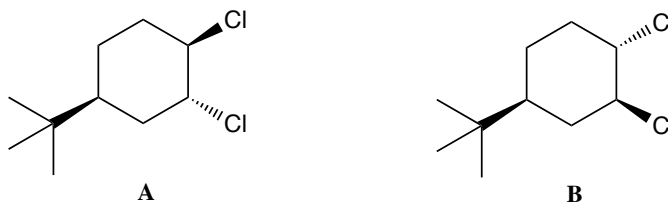
diastereomers

Question 6. A student made the assertion that carbocation **A** (below) is more stable than carbocation **B**. Is this correct? Why or why not? *Make sure to be clear and complete in your explanation, and pictures can be helpful.*

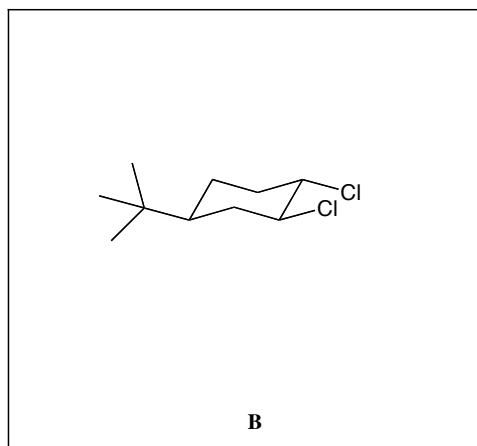
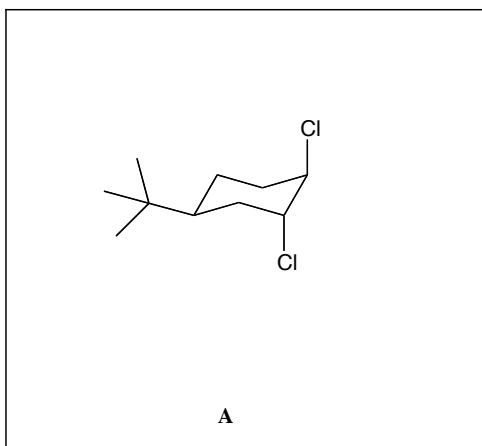


*This is a single species, not two different species. **A** and **B** are two resonance forms of the same carbocation*

Question 7. Consider the two dichlorocyclohexanes below:



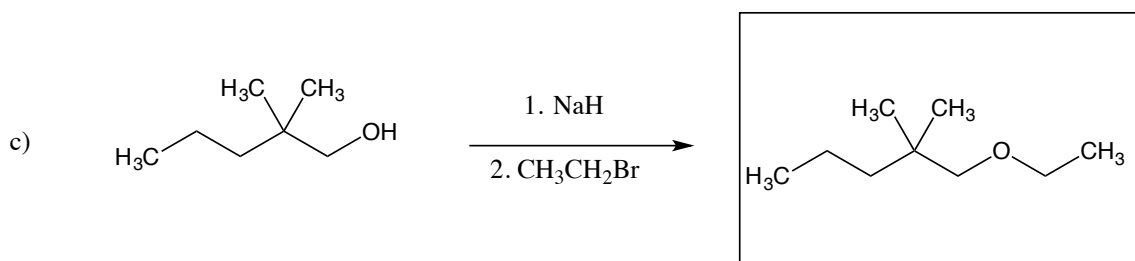
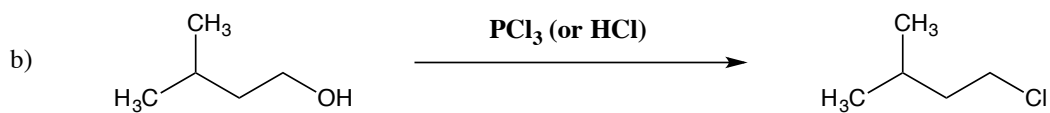
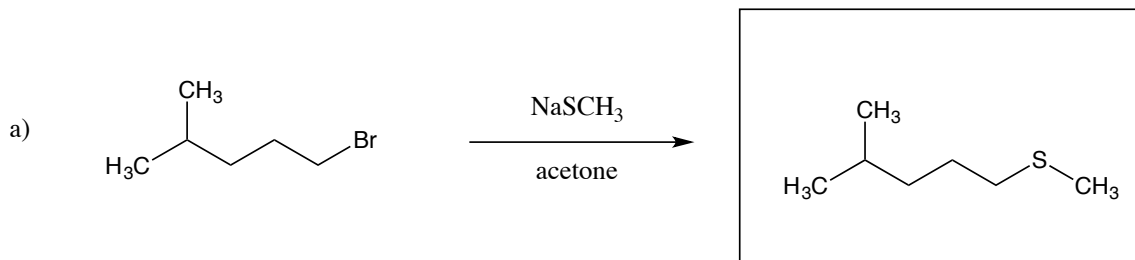
a) Draw compounds **A** and **B** in their most stable chair forms.



b) Which compound is more stable? Briefly explain your reasoning.

Compound B is more stable because all of the substituents are equatorial (fewer gauche/steric interactions).

Question 8. Supply the missing reagents or products to most efficiently complete the following substitution reactions. Multiple reagents/steps may be needed.



Question 9. Provide a complete mechanism for the following transformation. *Don't skip any mechanistic steps, including H^+ transfers. Draw all intermediates and resonance structures.*

